Course Description

The aim of this course is to offer the student a glimpse of the relationship between literature and the cinema in general, but more specifically Spanish literature and cinema production. The analysis of the many similarities and differences between these two forms of expression will be key in a class aimed at those students who want to know more about two increasingly interrelated types of narratives. Literature - specifically, the novel - and film have become intertwined since the origin of the moving picture, looking for inspiration, enrichment and success, and for more than a century of their close relationship, the results have been as interesting as they are diverse. From Scott Fitzgerald to Delibes, from García Lorca to Tennessee Williams, the greatest authors of literature have been taken to the big screen with varying degrees of success, sometimes losing some of their greatness, others achieving a different or even greater scale of their work, but always approached through a different perspective, whatever that may be. Baz Luhrmann, Stanley Kubrick, Luis Bunuel and Pedro Almodovar have turned the works of Shakespeare, Nabokov, Galdós or Jonquet into unique creations, using a series of adaptation strategies and mechanisms that we will attempt to decipher throughout the semester.

Learning Objectives

By completing this course, students will:

- Analyze the crucial relationship between Spanish literature and cinema with a comparative focus.
- Discern the interplay between the written language and the visual language as separate yet intrinsically connected art forms.
- Investigate the capacity of the novel and the cinema to articulate a given historical moment and to express the voice of the individuals that experienced it.
- Produce original pieces of literary and cinematographic criticism.

Course Prerequisites

To get the most out of this course, it would be ideal if the student had some previous knowledge about the history of cinema and literature, although a simple interest in the subject matter will be sufficient. In this course we are going to learn to “see novels” and “read films” of different themes and styles. Therefore, it is important that the students keep an open mind to a different type of literature and film from what they may be accustomed to. It will be necessary to have an adequate reading, writing and conversation level of Spanish and 4 semesters of college-level Spanish (or equivalent). Students need to have a GPA of at least 2.5.

Methods of Instruction

Given its nature, this course will have a remarkably practical profile. The viewing of the films listed in the syllabus, and various clips chosen by the professor, along with reading novels-fully or in part, will be necessary and mandatory for all students.

The content presentation will alternate between the screening of films in and out of the classroom, followed by the joint comments on the texts on which these films are based.

The students’ involvement and participation in the frequent discussions and reviews of texts, as well as the public presentation of final projects will be considered and encouraged as some of the most important aspects of this subject.
During the course we will attend a film session in a cinema in the city, preferably a Spanish film, and especially if it is based on a literary work. In the fall semester, we will attend an event or screening of Seville’s European Film Festival. Participation in these extra-academic activities will contribute to improving the student’s participation grade.

Linguistic Resource Center

Academic honesty is fundamental for this course. Students are encouraged to use the Linguistic Resource Center, except for the auto-correction programs and the final project.

Assessment and Final Grade

1. Four Short Essays 20%
2. Final Project 10%
3. Midterm Exam 25%
4. Final Exam 25%
5. Class Participation 20%
TOTAL 100%

Course Requirements

Four Short Essays

In preparation for the final essay, a total of four short essays will be delivered throughout the course, consisting of:

1. Commentary on a film based on a literary work that we do not study in class, Spanish or foreign. (Length: two pages, double spaced, font size 12)
2. Presentation of the title of the chosen novel and small study about its author and literary era / style. Why have I chosen this work? (Length: two pages, double spaced, font size 12)
3. Commentary on another novel by the author, in order to learn more about his career and literary relevance. (Length: two pages, double spaced, font size 12)
4. Initial outline of paper that will be reviewed by the teacher, including points to be addressed in the final essay, from the introduction to the final conclusion. (Length: two pages, double spaced, size 12 font)

The professor will announce in the syllabus the delivery dates of these short essays, that contribute to the final grade of the course. The grammar in Spanish and the writing of these papers, as well as the final essay, will also be assessed and scored.

Expression and writing in Spanish. Student’s ability to synthesize and critique content in order to expound upon the issues and adherence to due dates will also be evaluated in these works.

Final Project

At the end of the course (one week before the final exam), the students must turn in the final project (5 pages, typed, font size 12, double spaced) consisting of a comparative study about one of the films viewed in class and the novel on which it is based. This project requires that the student read the entirety of the chosen novel in order to complete an accurate assessment of the two. The student may in public present his or her project to the class. This will have a positive effect on the participation portion of their final grade.

Special interest will be placed on the expressive maturity of the student and the overall vision and critique of the novel and the corresponding film. The writing and grammar will also be evaluated in this essay, affecting the final grade either positively or negatively.

Midterm Exam

Final Exam

Apart from the short essays and the final project, there will be a midterm and final exam, whose exact dates will be announced to students by the beginning of the course. The evaluation of these exams, together with the participation in frequent class discussions about films and novels, will determine the student’s final grade.

Both the midterm and the final exam will have the same structure. They will be divided into two parts (with a total of 50 points each, so the maximum score will be 100 points).

The first part will consist of two essay-type questions related to the subject studied so far, among which the student must choose one. The second part will consist of a text commentary on one of the novels studied in
class from which the teacher will put a fragment to analyze by the student and compare it with the corresponding film scene.

The text of the partial exam will be chosen among the first four novels studied in class, while the text of the final will be chosen from the last four. Therefore, the first part of the final exam will be cumulative, but not the second.

In both exams, partial and final, not only the knowledge of the student will be evaluated, but also their ability to interrelate the various concepts studied. With open ended questions, students will have to exercise their expressive skills in Spanish, although minor grammar mistakes will not be penalized in these tests.

Class Participation

Attendance, punctuality, interest in the subject and frequency in involvement in the class exercises, mainly in the joint text comments. Attendance to films that must be seen outside of the classroom.

For each unexcused absence, the participation portion of the grade will be lowered. Hence, it will be very difficult to receive a 100 in the class. Please keep this in mind.

Attendance

Students are not allowed to miss class for unjustified reasons. For each unexcused absence, the participation portion of the grade will be lowered. Hence, it will be very difficult to receive a 100 in the class. Please keep this in mind. If a student misses class twice without a valid excuse (a note from a physician in the event of an illness), then the professor will automatically lower the final grade by 5 points (on a 100-point scale) for each class missed thereafter. Students with 6 or more absences will fail the course.

Students should arrive to class on time. Arriving more than 15 minutes late for a class will count as an unexcused absence. Please note that an excused absence is one that is accompanied by a doctor’s note: signed stamped and dated. Travelling and/or travel delays are not considered valid reasons for missing class.

*Notes from a physician will only be valid and admitted by the Program Manager if the doctor confirms that the visit could not have been arranged at another time, or that the student was too ill to attend class that day.

Academic honesty

Students are expected to act in accordance with their university and CIEE’s standards of conduct concerning plagiarism and academic dishonesty. Use of online translators for work in Spanish will result in an automatic failure.

N.B. Course schedule is subject to change due to study tours, excursions, and local holidays. Final schedules will be included in the final syllabus provided to students on site.

Weekly Schedule

Week 1

Class: 1.1 Introduction. The relationship between universal cinema and literature.

Class: 1.2 The literary tradition of Spanish Cinema.

Showing of "Viaje a la luna" by Georges Meliés (1902)

Reading about cinematic terminology

Reading about the cinema and the novel

Week 2

Class: 2.1 Narrative and cinematic speech.

Authorship in literature and film. Levels of adaptation: fidelity to the original.

Class: 2.2 La Celestina: Modern interpretation of the classics.

Showing of "La Celestina" by G. Vera (1997) (out of class)
Week 3
Class: 3.1 Carmen: a literary classic interpreted by modern day cinema.
   The literature of Romanticism. The reality and the myth.

Class: 3.2 Showing of “Carmen” by Vicente Aranda (2003)
   Reading about Prospere Merimée and Carmen
   Hand in first short essay (1)

Week 4
Class: 4.1 The problem of the narrator in film.
   The narrative voice: from literature to film. The role of the narrator, point of view, and diegesis.
   Reading about narrative voice

Class: 4.2 El Sur or overcoming a story.
   The intimate genre.
   Showing of “El Sur” by Víctor Erice (1983) (out of class)
   Reading about El Sur and article about Adelaida García Morales
   Choose a film-novel pair for the final project.

Week 5
Class: 5.1 The adaptation of the theater to the cinema: advantages and inconveniences.
   The Generation of ’27 and the cinematographer.

Class: 5.2 Showing of “La casa de Bernarda Alba” by Mario Camus (1986)
   Reading about the Generation of ’27 and the “drama lorquiano” in the cinema
   Hand in second short essay (2)

Week 6
Class: 6.1 Continuation of Theme 6

Class: 6.2 Review for the Midterm Exam
   Midterm Exam

Week 7
Class: 7.1 Extension-literary dispersion vs. Film synthesis.
   Classical literature and short stories.

Class: 7.2 The Spanish Civil War in literature and cinema (1)
   Showing of “La lengua de las mariposas” by José Luis Cuerda (1999) (out of class)
   Reading about the Spanish Civil War, literature and cinema. “El aprendizaje de la vida”

Week 8
Class: 8.1 The social testimony of Spanish literature and film.
   Social realism and historical memory.
Class: 8.2 Showing of “La voz dormida” by Benito Zambrano (2011)

The Spanish Civil War in literature and cinema (2)

Reading about post-war Spanish literature

Hand in third short essay (3)

Week 9
Class: 9.1 The realistic novel between the nineteenth and twentieth centuries.

Class: 9.2 Tristana: from realism to surrealism.

Galdós and Buñuel, subverting the text.

Showing of “Tristana” by Luis Buñuel (1970) (out of class)

Reading about realism in literature from the 19th century. Testimonies about Tristana

Week 10
Class: 10.1 Open to interpretation.

Free adaptations breaking away from the original: different motivations. The director as an author.

Class: 10.2 The Almodovarian transgression and reinventing the text.

Reading about the director Pedro Almodóvar

Hand in fourth short essay (4)

Week 11
Class: 11.1 Showing of “La piel que habito” by Pedro Almodóvar (2011)

Class: 11.2 Final Project presentations.

Reading about “celluloid writers”

Reading about vocabulary and syntax of cinema

Week 12
Class: 12.1 Final Project Presentations

Class: 12.2 Review for the Final Exam

Final Projects Due

Final Exam

Course Materials

Readings

Given the nature of this course, and the diversity of sources used (literature, press, essays, critiques...), our material will be a dossier of selected readings, created by the professor, and available to the students via the online platform Canvas.

Novels:
- La Celestina, by Fernando de Rojas. (s.XVI)
- Carmen by Prospero Merimee (1845)
- El Sur, by Adelaida García Morales (1985)
- La casa de Bernarda Alba, by Federico García Lorca (1936)
- ¿Qué me quieres amor? by Manuel Rivas (1995)
- La voz dormida by Dulce Chacón (2002)
- Tristana by Benito Pérez Galdós (1892)
Recommended Readings


Media Resources

- La Celestina (1997) directed by Gerardo Vera
- Carmen (2003) directed by Vicente Aranda
- El Sur (1983) directed by Víctor Erice
- La casa de Bernarda Alba (1987) directed by Mario Camus
- La lengua de las mariposas (1999) directed by J.L. Cuerda
- La voz dormida (2011) directed by Benito Zambrano
- Tristana (1970) directed by Luis Buñuel
- La piel que habito (2011 directed by Pedro Almodóvar